

13 June 1978

25X1A	MEMORANDUM FOR:	
	FROM :	
	SUBJECT ; Soviet Economy	
	1. Attached are some thoughts on how one might structure Part III of Mr. Bowie's briefing which is basically three parts: Part I: Factual Review of 76-77 Part II: Evidence of Soviet Leadership Perceptions of Problems	
•	Part III: Long-term Implications 2. I'm not trying to sell this as a detailed briefing, but I think	
	we need to cover these bases with Mr. Bowie in his preparations.	25X1A
	Attachment	

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- III. Long-term outlook, i.e. up to mid '80s
 - A. Operative factors
 - 1. Economic
 - a. Internal
 - (1) Energy the crunch will come as big producers of 70s run down & new sources are hard to come by
 - (2) Agriculture erratic climate will assure roller coaster ride
 - (3) Manpower decline in quantity, quality and mobility of manpower will set in
 - (4) Productivity
 - (a) Incentive systems work against innovation & risk taking
 - (b) ?
 - b. External (as seen from Kremlin)
 - (1) Slow growth rate of OECD
 - (2) LDC's will find OECD more attractive economic partner
 - 2. Political
 - a. Internal
 - (1) Players/Interest Groups
 - (a) Party
 - (i) Interests of party in maintaining their perquisites
 - (ii) Role of ideology in informing domestic actions of Soviet leaders
 - (b) Military
 - (c) Planning bureaucracy
 - (2) Inevitability of a succession struggle and its impact

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- b. External (as seen from Kremlin)
 - (1) Continued chaos in Africa will be fertile ground for Soviet activities but none with great economic pay-off
 - (2) PRC will remain hostile
 - (3) Unrest will grow in Eastern Europe as economic strictures tighten up if Soviet oil is cut off
 - (4) Yugoslav and Albanian succession will present great temptations for intervention
 - (5) Barring Israeli-Arab settlement combination of turmoil and oil will offer tempting targets
- B. Sample Scenarios Roughly Covering Range of Possibilities
 - 1. Major shift of economy toward flexibility
 - a. Pro only way to get innovation
 - b. Cons (they rule this out as a real possibility)
 - (1) Chaos would exist at first
 - (2) Powerful interests threatened
 - (3) Ideology won't permit
 - 2. Major shift of economy toward civilian outputs i.e. embrace disarmament
 - a. Pro free resources that have been tied up in military forces
 - b. Cons (they again rule this out on a scale large enough to impact economic problems; This doesn't rule out tinkering such as SALT)
 - (1) Threat from China/NATO
 - (2) Military interests
 - (3) Inability to alter structure of plants
 - 3. Muddle through with relatively minor and temporary shifts of policy, e.g. ups and downs of private agriculture
 - a. Pros

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- (1) Requires no dramatic acts of leadership while succession maneuvering going on
- (2) Others?
- b. Cons
 - (1) Won't work not clear where the first cracks will appear
 - (2) Others?
- 4. Basically no economic structural changes, but with a major policy shift reverting to ruthless suppression
 - a. Pros
 - (1) Stifle consumer pressures
 - (2) More effective motivation than current policies
 - (3) Others?
 - b. Cons
 - (1) Party members risk being caught up in purges themselves
 - (2) Others?
 - c. Foreign Relations Impact (Is this a pro or a con?)
 - (1) Pro to tell Carter or his successor and their human righters to pack sand should warm the cockles of the Kremlin
 - (2) Con outsiders might take restrictive actions that would exacerbate economic problems
- 5. Go to war, especially to acquire those resources or capabilities which particularly constrain economic growth
 - a. Pros
 - (1) Uses what USSR does best
 - (2) Gets what is needed straightaway
 - (3) Is a safe decision from viewpoint of internal politics distract people from economic woes in any case

- b. Cons
 - (1) Risk of escalation
 - (2) May not provide constraining resources
- c. Scenarios
 - (1) Korea not really attractive on economic grounds, but could North Korean proxy attack on ROK split US & PRC?
 - (2) PRC not clear that it could help on economic grounds, but would surely weld rank and file support for national leaders
 - (3) Western Europe lots of resources, but very risky
 - (4) Iran see attached fantasy

C. Assessment

- 1. Likelihood of Scenarios Being Played Out
 - a. Opt for Flexibility (1 chance out of 20, 5%)
 - b. Embrace Disarmament (1 chance out of 50, 2%)
 - c. Muddle Through (1 chance out of 3, 33%)
 - d. Stalinize (4 chances out of 10, 40%)
 - e. Go to War (1 chance out of 5, 20%)

2. Summary

- a. We will be living in dangerous and highly unpredictable times
- Economics will face Soviets with excruciatingly painful choices
- c. We don't know which way they will go, but on average judge it much more likely that they will take the hard line.